Northern District of California

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNI	Α

SAN JOSE DIVISION

JUAN RAMON RANGEL, Plaintiff,

v.

SYNCHRONY BANK,

Defendant.

Case No. 17-CV-00177-LHK

ORDER GRANTING UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR MORE DEFINITE **STATEMENT**

Re: Dkt. No. 9

Plaintiff Juan Ramon Rangel ("Plaintiff"), proceeding pro se, sues Defendant Synchrony Bank ("Defendant") for false credit reporting. Before the Court is Defendant's unopposed motion for a more definite statement. ECF No. 9. The Court finds this matter suitable for resolution without oral argument and hereby VACATES the motion hearing set for April 27, 2017, at 1:30 p.m. Having considered the submissions of the parties, the relevant case law, and the record in this case, the Court hereby GRANTS Defendant's motion for more definite statement.

I. **BACKGROUND**

Plaintiff sued Defendant on November 17, 2016 in Santa Clara County Superior Court. ECF No. 1-1 ("Compl."). Plaintiff used a form complaint, and alleged that Defendant owes Plaintiff \$1,500 for "false credit reporting on care credit account [] and removal of same" on April

Case No. 17-CV-00177-LHK ORDER GRANTING UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT 1

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14. *Id.* at 5. In response to the question "How did you calculate the money owed to you?" Plaintiff answered: "Damages per section 618–623 per FCRA." *Id.* The Complaint contained no further facts regarding the alleged misconduct.

Defendant removed the Complaint to this Court on January 12, 2017. See ECF No. 1. Defendant asserted that federal question jurisdiction existed because Plaintiff's Complaint stated that Plaintiff calculated damages under the Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA"), 15 U.S.C. § 1681. See id.

On January 19, 2017, Defendant filed a motion for more definite statement. ECF No. 9. Specifically, Defendant asserted that "the Complaint contains no factual allegations in support" of Plaintiff's vague assertion that Defendant engaged in "false credit reporting," and thus Defendant could not prepare a response. Id. at 3.

Plaintiff did not file an opposition to Defendant's motion. On February 9, 2017, Defendant filed a "reply," which noted that its motion was unopposed. ECF No. 14.

II. **DISCUSSION**

Defendant moves under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure Rule 12(e) for a more definite statement. Under Rule 12(e), "[a] party may move for a more definite statement of a pleading to which a responsive pleading is allowed but which is so vague or ambiguous that the party cannot reasonably prepare a response." Rule 12(e) motions should be granted only on those "rare occasions" when a complaint is so vague or so ambiguous that a party has insufficient information to prepare its response. See Bautista v. Los Angeles Cty., 216 F.3d 837, 843 n.1 (9th Cir. 2000).

Even construing Plaintiff's Complaint liberally, the Court agrees with Defendant that Plaintiff's Complaint is "too vague to give notice to [Defendant] of the claims being asserted" against it such that Defendant can reasonably prepare a response. Demartini v. Demartini, 2016 WL 1461812, at *6 (E.D. Cal. Apr. 14, 2016). Plaintiff's Complaint alleges only that Defendant owes Plaintiff \$1,500 for "false credit reporting on care credit account [] and removal of same" on April 14. ECF No. 1-1, at 5. It is unclear what Plaintiff means by "false credit reporting" or "removal of same," and Plaintiff does not provide the year that this allegedly occurred. *Id.*

Moreover, although Plaintiff states that Plaintiff calculated the \$1,500 sum under the FCRA, it is unclear from Plaintiff's Complaint what provision of the FCRA Defendant allegedly violated, or whether Plaintiff intends to assert only a FCRA claim.

In sum, Plaintiff's vague "single sentence" allegation is "not remotely enough to be considered an adequately stated claim in federal court." *Zhejiang Wafa Ecosys. Sci. & Tech. Co.*, *Ltd. v. Trellis Earth Prods.*, *Inc.*, 2015 WL 9459921, at *1 (D. Ore. Dec. 21, 2015) (granting motion for more definite statement where the complaint "only provide[d] a single sentence" that was vague). Further, although motions for more definite statements should be granted on only "rare occasions," *Bautista*, 216 F.3d at 843 n.1, Plaintiff has failed to oppose Defendant's motion, and thus Plaintiff has in effect conceded that his Complaint is deficient.

III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the Court GRANTS Defendant's unopposed motion for more definite statement. Plaintiff shall file within twenty-one (21) days of the date of this Order an amended complaint that contains "a short and plain statement of the claim showing that the pleader is entitled to relief." Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a)(2). Failure to comply with this 21 day deadline, or failure to correct the deficiencies discussed above, will result in the Court dismissing Plaintiff's complaint. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(e) (stating that if a Court orders a more definite statement and the order is not obeyed "the court may strike the pleading or issue any other appropriate order"). **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Dated: April 24, 2017

LUCY H. KOTI United States District Judge